



**NCF-003-016204**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. Sc. (Sem. II) (CBCS) Examination**

**April / May – 2017**

**Course - 2004 : Mathematics**

*(Methods in Partial Differential Equation)*

*[ Old Course ]*

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 016204**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (i) There are **five** questions.  
(ii) **All** questions are **compulsory**.  
(iii) **Each** question carries **14** marks.

**1** Do as directed : (Each question carries **two** marks) **14**

(a) Find the complementary function of the equation

$$\left(D^3 + 3D^2D' - 4D'^3\right)z = 0.$$

(b) Eliminate the arbitrary constants  $a$  and  $b$  from

$$2z = (ax + y)^2 + b.$$

(c) Define Pfaffian differential equation with an example and write down the condition for the pfaffian differential to be integrable.

(d) Find the complete integral of  $yp - xq = 0$ .

(e) Find the P.d.e. of  $z = f\left(\frac{xy}{z}\right)$  where  $f$  is an arbitrary function.

(f) Find curl  $\left(7y^2z^2, 5x^2z^2, 9x^2y^2\right)$ .

(g) Classify the equation  $4y^2r + x^2t = 0$ .

2 Answer any two of the following : 2×7=14

(a) Find the general solution to

$$(y-z)\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + (z-x)\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + (x-y)\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0. \text{ Show that } u \text{ contains in}$$

the combination of  $x+y+z$  and  $x^2+y^2+z^2$ .

(b) Find the orthogonal trajectories on the conicoid  $(x+y)z=1$  of the conics in which it is cut by the system of planes  $x-y+2=k$  where  $k$  is the parameter.

(c) Prove that a pfaffian differential equation

$$(xy^2 - zx)dy + yzdx = -(xz^2 - yx)dz$$

is integrable. Also find the complete primitive.

3 All are compulsory : 14

(a) (i) Determine the envelope of one parameter of system of 4

$$\text{the surfaces } x^2 + y^2 + (z-a)^2 = 1.$$

(ii) Determine the envelope of two parameter of system of

$$\text{the surfaces } (x-a)^2 + z^2 + (y-a)^2 = 1.$$

(b) Find the integral curves of the equation 5

$$\frac{dx}{(x+z)} = \frac{dy}{y} = \frac{dz}{(z+y^2)}.$$

(c) Prove that 5

$$F(D, D')\left[e^{ax+by} \cdot h(x, y)\right] = e^{ax+by} F(D+a, D'+b)\left[h(x, y)\right].$$

**OR**

3 All are compulsory : 14

(a) Solve the equation : 4

(i)  $z(z+y)dx + z(z+x)dy - 2xydz = 0.$

(ii)  $(1+x)yzdx + (1+y)xzdy + (1+z)xydz = 0.$

(b) Prove necessary and sufficient condition that there exists 5

between two functions  $u(x, y)$  and  $v(x, y)$ , a relation  $f(u, v) = 0$

not involving  $x$  and  $y$  explicitly is that  $\frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)} = 0.$

(c) Using Natani's method 5

$$x(y^2 - 1)dx + y(x^2 - z^2)dy - z(y^2 - 1)dz = 0.$$

4 Answer any two of the following : 2×7=14

(a) Solve  $p = (z + qy)^2.$

(b) Classify the equation and convert it into canonical form

$$x^2r + 4t = xy. (x \neq 0).$$

(c) If  $(\beta D' + \gamma)^2$  with  $\beta \neq 0$  is a factor of  $F(D, D')$ , then a

solution of the equation  $F(D, D')$  is,

$$z = e^{\frac{-\gamma}{\beta}y} (\phi_1(\beta x) + y\phi_2(\beta x))$$

Where  $\phi_i = \phi_i(\epsilon)$  is an arbitrary function of a single variable

$(i = 1, 2).$

5 Answer any two of the following :

2×7=14

(a) Find the G.S. of  $(2D+3D')(D-D')z = \frac{(x^2+xy)}{2}$ .

(b) (i) Find the solution of  $(x^2D^2 - y^2D'^2 + xD - yD')z = 0$ .

(ii) Using Jacobi's method solve  $xp^2 + yq^2 = z$ .

(c) Find the equation of integral surface of the differential equation

$(2xy-1)p + (z-2x^2)q = 2(x-yz)$  passes through  $y=0$  and  $x=1$ .

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